What is a regression line?

3

b) The following data show the scores obtained by a group of 20 students on a college entrance examination and a verbal comprehension test. Interpret the data. 7

Student	College entrance exam (X)	Verbal compre- hension test (Y)	Student	College entrance exam (X)	Verbal compre- hension test (Y)
A	52	49	K	64	53
\boldsymbol{B}	49	49	L	28	17
\boldsymbol{C}	26	17	M	49	40
D	28	34	N	43	41
\boldsymbol{E}	63	52	0	30	15
\boldsymbol{F}	. 44	41	P	- 65	50
G	70	45	Q.	35	28
Н	32	32	\widetilde{R}	60	55
I	49	29	S	49	37
J	51	49	T	66	50

MASTER OF ARTS Examination, 2019

(1st Year, 2nd Semester)

SOCIOLOGY

SOCIAL STATISTICS

Course: 2.4

Time: Two hours Full Marks: 30 Answer any three question: 1. Write short notes on: a) Note the factors that increase the probability of rejecting the null hypothesis. b) Discuss the three characteristics of bivariate associations. a) What are the three characteristics of the mean?

4

b) A survey of the ages of residents of nursing homes yielded the following measures of central tendency: Mean = 70Median = 78 Mode = 83.

In which direction is the distribition likely to be skewed?

2

 10×3

5+5

c) Below is a table of the area of New England States in square miles. Compute the mean and the median Which measure gives a better description of the area of a typical New England state? 4

Canada Males Females
$$\overline{X}_1$$
=4.6 \overline{X}_2 =4.7 S_1 =2.8 S_2 =3.0 S_2 =3.0 S_1 =2.8 S_2 =3.0 Males S_1 =4.6 S_2 =4.4 S_1 =4.6 S_2 =2.8 S_2 =2.8

69S = IN

5. Do men and women vary in their opinions about cohabitation? A random sample of 47 males and females has been rated as high or low in their supportfor "living together".

Is the relationship significant? Interpret sociologically. The

 $86\varsigma = {}^{7}N$

results are : 8+2

totals	52	77	L t
WoJ	10	LI	LT
High	SI	ς	70
cohabitation	Males	Females	statot
201 Hodduc			

[Turn over

- State Area connecticut 5009
 maine 33,215
 massachussets 8257
 new hampshire 9304
 thode island 1214
 vermont 9609
- b. The population in India watches 6.2 hours of TV per day.
 A random sample of 1017 senior citizens in the state report watching an average of 5.9 hours per day, with a standard deviation of 0.7 in difference significant?
 6
 Alpha.05
 6

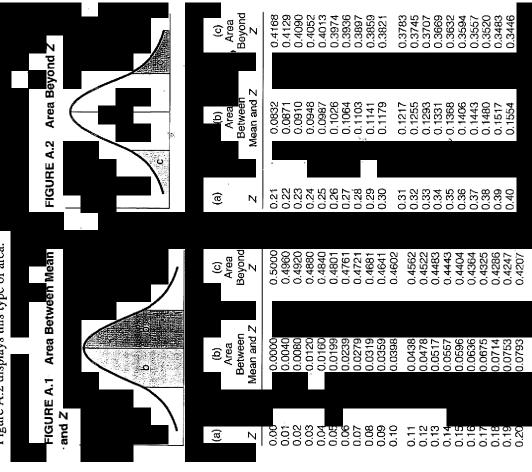
 \overline{r}

3. What are one-tailed and two-tailed tests?

4. Support for abortion was measuredwith a ten point scale, with higher scores indicating more support. Are there significant differences in support between males and females in Canda and the United States? Significance level will be set at 0.05 Interpret Sociologically 8+2

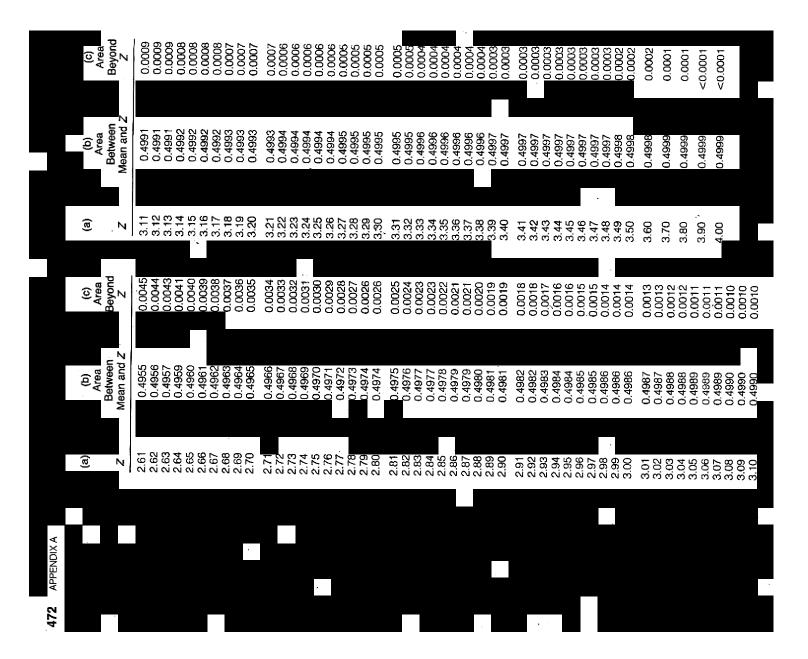
Appendix A March Mormal Curve Area Under the Normal Curve

but, since the normal curve is symmetrical, the areas for negative scores will be exactly the same as areas for positive scores. Column (b) lists the proportion of the total area between the Z score and the mean. Figure A.1 displays areas of this type. Column (c) lists the proportion of the area beyond the Z score, and Column (a) lists Z scores from 0.00 to 4.00. Only positive scores are displayed, Figure A.2 displays this type of area.



APPENDIX A						
	(a)	(d) Area	(L) Area	(m)	(b) Area	(c)
	Ŋ	Between Mean and 7	Beyond Z		Between Mean and 7	by by S
	0.41	1 -	0.3409	0.96	0.3315	0.1685
	0.42	0.1628 0.1664	0.3372	0.97	0.3340	0.1660
	0.44	0.1700	0.3300	0.99	0.3389	0.1611
	0.46	0.1772	0.3228	1.01	0.3438	0,1562
	0.48		0.3156	1.02	0,3461 0,3485	1539 U.1515
	0.50		0.3085	2.5	0.3508	0.1492
	0.51	0,1950	0.3050	1.06	0.3554	0.1446
	0.53	0.2019	0.2981	1.08	0.3599	0.1401
	0.54	0.2054 0.2088	0.2946 0.2912	1.09	0.3621 0.3643	0.1379 0.1357
	0.56	0.2123	0.2877	1.1	0.3665	0.1335
	0.58	0.2190	0.2810	1,12	0.3686 0.3708	0.13 0.1292
	0.59	0.2257	0.2776	1,1 4,1 4,7	0,3729	0.1271
	1.61	0.2291	0.2709	,	0.3770	0.1230
	.62 .63	0.2324 0.2357	0.2676 0.2643	1.17	0.3790	0.1210
	0.64	0.2389	0.2611	1.19	0.3830	0.1170
	0.66	0.2454	0.2546	1.21	0.3869	0.1131
		0.2486	0.2514	1.22	0.3888	0.1112
	69.	0.2549	0.2451	4 9	0.3925	0.1093
) (S	0.2611	0.242.0	1.25	0.3944	0.1056 0.1038
	0.72	0.2642	0.2358	1.27	3980	0.1020
	0.73	0.2673	0.2327 0.2347	1.28	0.3997	0.1003
	0.75	0.2734	0.2266	0	0,4032	0.0968
	0.76 0.77	0.2764 0.2794	0.2236 0.2206	1.31	404	0.0951
	0.78	0.2823	0.2177	1.33	0.4082	0.0918
	0.79	0.2881	0.2119	1.34	0.4099	0.0901
	0.81	0.2910	0.2090	1.36	0.4131	0.086
	0.82	0.2939 0.2967	0.2061 0.2033	1.37	0.4147 416	0.089
	0.84	0.2995	0.2005	1.39	0.4177	0.0823
	0.86	0.3051		- +	0.4192	0.0703
	0.87	0.3078	0.1922	1.42	0.4222	0.0778
	0.89	0.3133	5.1867	4. 4. 6. 44.	0.4236 0.4251	0.0764 0.0749
	0.90	0.3159	0.1841	1.45	0.4265	0.0735
	0.92	0.3212		1.47	0.4292	0.0708
	0.93 0.94	0.3238	0.1762 0.1736	1.48 1.49	0.4306 0.4319	0.069 0.0681
	0.95	0.3220	0.1711	1.50	0.4332	0.0668

VE 471	(c) Area Bevond	Z	0.0197	0.0188	0.0179	0.0174	0.0170	20100	0.0158 0.0154		0.0140	0.0130		38 5 5 5 6 7	200	0.01		0.0110	0.0107	0.00	0.0000	0.0000	, 0.00.01	0.0089	0.0084	0.0080	0.0078	0.0075	0.0071	69000	0.0066	0.0062	0.0060	0.0059	0.0055	0.0052	0.0051 0.0049	0.0048
AREA UNDER THE NORMAL CURVE	(b) Area Between	Mean and Z	0.4803	0.4812	0.4821	0.4826	0.4830	0.4838	0.4842	0.4850	0.4857	0.4861	0.4864	0.4871	0.4875	0.4881	0.4884	0.4890	0.4893	0.4896	0.4901	0.4904	0.4909	0.4911	0.4916	0.4920	0.4922	0.4925 0.4927		0.4931 0.4932	0.4934	0.4938 0.4938	0.4940	0.4941 0.4943	0.4945	0.4948	0.4949 0.4951	0.4952 0.4953
AREA UNDER	(a)		2.07	2.08 0.09 0.09	2.10	2.11	2.12 2.13	2.14	2.16 2.16	2.17	2.19	2.20	2.21		2.24		2.27		30	31	2.33	2.34	2.36	2.37 2.38	2.39	2.41	2.42	2 : 2 2 4 3 4 4 3	2.45		2.48	2.50	2.51	2.52	2.54	2.56	2.57 2.58	2.59
	(c) Area Beyond	Z	0.0655 0.0643	0.0630	0.0606	0.0582	0.0571	0.0548	0.0537	0.0526	0.0505	0.0495	0.0463	0.0465		0.0436	0.0427	0.0409	0.0401	0.0384	0.0375	0.0359	0.0351	0.0344 0.0336	0.0329	0.0314	0.0307	0.0294	0.0287	0.0281	0.0268	0.0256	0.0250	0.0239	0.0233	0.0222	0.0217 0.0212	0.0207
	(b) Area Between	Mean and Z	0.4357	0.4370	0.4394	0.4418	0.4429	0.4452		0.4474	0.4495	0.4505	0.4525	0.4535	0.4554	0.4564	0.4573	0.4591	0.4599	0.4616	0.4625 0.4633	0.4641	0.4649	0.4656	0.4671 0.4678	0.4686	0.4699	0.4706	0.47.13	0.4726	0.4732	0.4744	0.4750	0.4761	0.4767	0.4778	0.4783	0.4793 0.4798
	(a)		1.52	1.54	1.55	1.57	1.58	1.60	1.61	1.62 1.63	1.64	1.65	1.67	1.68	1.70	1.71	1.72	1.74	1.75	1.77	1.78	1.80	1.81	1.82	1.84	1.86	1.88	1.89	000.	1.92	1.93	1.95	1.96	1.98	2.00	2.01	2.02	2.04



Distribution of t

Use this table to find the critical region (step 3 of the five-step model) for tests of significance with sample means when sample size (N) is small. First, choose an alpha level and a one- or two-tailed test. Then find degrees of freedom to find the t score that marks the beginning of the critical region.

		Level	of Significar	Level of Significance for One-Tailed Test	iled Test	
Degrees	.10	.05	025	.01	.005	.0005
of Freedom		Level	of Significa	Level of Significance for Two-Tailed Test	iled Test	
(J)	.20	.10	.05	.02	.01	.001
+	3.078	6.314	12.706	31.821	63.657	636.619
2	1.886	2.920	4.303	6.965	9.925	31.598
ю·		2.353	3.182	4.541	5.841	12.941
4 4	1.533	2.132	2.776	3.747	4.604	8.610
c	0/4/	2.013	7.5.7	0.000	4.032	0.039
9	1.440	1.943	2.447	3.143	3.707	5.959
7	1.415	1.895	2.365	2.998	3.499	5.405
∞ c	1.397	1.860	2.306	2.896	3.355	5.041
10	1.372	1.812	2.228	2.764	3.169	4.587
Ţ	1 363	1 796	2 201	2 7 1 B	3 106	7 437
12	1.356	1 782	2.179	2.681	3.055	4.318
<u>1</u> E	1.350	1.771	2.160	2.650	3.012	4.221
14	1.345	1.761	2.145	2.624	2.977	4,140
15	1.341	1.753	2.131	2.602	2.947	4.073
16	1.337	1,746	2,120	2.583	2.921	4.015
17	1.333	1.740	2.110	2.567	2.898	3.965
8	1.330	1.734	2,101	2.552	2.878	3.922
20	1.325	1.725	2.086	2.528	2.845	3.850
21	1.323	1.721	2.080	2.518	2.831	3.819
22	1.321	1.717	2.074	2.508	2.819	3.792
23	1.319	1.714	2.069	2.500	2.807	3.767
25 25	1.316	1.708	2.060	2.485	2.787	3.725
. 56	1.315	1.706	2.056	2.479	2.779	3.707
27	1.314	1.703	2.052	2.473	2.771	3.690
28		1.701	2.048	2.467	2.763	3.674
53	1.311	1.699	2,045	2.462	2.756	3.659
(30)	1.310	1.697	2.042	2.457	2.750	3.646
40	1.303	1.684	2.021	2.423	2.704	3.551
09		1.671	2.000	2.390	2.660	3.460
120	1.289	1.658	1.980	2.358		3,373
8	1.282	1.645	1.960	2.326	2.5/6	3.291

Source: Table III of Fisher and Yates: Statistical Tables for Biological, Agricultural and Medical Research, published by Longman Group Ltd., London (1974), 6th edition (previously published by Oliver & Boyd Ltd., Edinburgh).

Appendix C

Distribution of Chi Square

of significance with chi square. Choose an alpha level and find the degrees of freedom to find the chi square score that marks the beginning of the critical Use this table to find the critical region (step 3 of the five-step model) for tests region.

	Noma.	× 2 20 × 8	40000	20205	N 88 80 C	00000
E	10.827 13.815 16.2988 18.465 20.517	22,457 24,329 26,125 27,877 29,588	31.264 32.909 34.528 36.123 37.697	39.252 40.790 42.312 43.820 45.315	46.797 48.268 49.728 51.179 52.620	54.052 55.476 56.893 58.302 59.703
10.	6.63%	16.812	24.725	32,000	38.932	45.642
	9.210	18.475	26.217	33,409	40.289	46.963
	11.34 {	20.090	27.688	34,805	41.638	48.278
	13.277	21.666	29.141	36,191	42.980	49.588
	15.086	23.209	30.578	37,566	44.314	50.892
.02	5.412	15.033	22.618	29.633	36.343	42.856
	7.824	16.622	24.054	30.995	37.659	44.140
	9.837	18.168	25.472	32.346	38.968	45.419
	11.668	19.679	26.873	33.687	40.270	46.693
	13.388	21.161	28.259	35.020	41.566	47.962
.05	3.841	12.592	19.675	26.296	32.671	38.885
	5.991	14.067	21.026	27.587	33.924	40.113
	7.815	15.507	22.362	28.869	35.172	41.337
	9.488	16.919	23.685	30.144	36.415	42.557
	11.070	18.307	24.996	31.410	37.652	43.773
.10	2.706	10.645	17.275	23.542	29.615	35.563
	4.605	12.017	18.549	24.769	30.813	36.741
	6.251	13.362	19.812	25.989	32.007	37.916
	7.779	14.684	21.064	27.204	33.196	39.087
	9.236	15.987	22.307	28.412	34.382	40.256
.20	1.642	8.558	14.631	20.465	26.171	31.795
	3.219	9.803	15.812	21.615	27.301	32.912
	4.642	11.030	16.985	22.760	28.429	34.027
	5.989	12.242	18.151	23.900	29.553	35.139
	7.289	13,442	19.311	25.038	30.675	36.250
.30	1.074	7.231	12.899	18.418	23.858	29.246
	2.408	8.383	14.011	19.511	24.939	30.319
	3.665	9.524	15.119	20.601	26.018	31.391
	4.878	10.656	16.222	21.689	27.096	32.461
	6.064	11,781	17.322	22.775	28.172	33.530
.50	.455	5.348	10.341	15.338	20.337	25.336
	1.386	6.346	11.340	16.338	21.337	26.336
	2.366	7.344	12.340	17.338	22.337	27.336
	3.357	8.343	13.339	18.338	23.337	28.336
	4.351	9.342	14.339	19.337	24.337	29.336
.70	.148	3.828	8.148	12.624	17.182	21.792
	.713	4.671	9.034	13.531	18.101	22.719
	1.424	5.527	9.926	14.440	19.021	23.647
	2.195	6.393	10.821	15.352	19.943	24.577
	3.000	7.267	11.721	16.266	20.867	25.508
.80	.0642	3.070	6.989	11.152	15.445	19.820
	.446	3.822	7.807	12.002	16.314	20.703
	1.005	4.594	8.634	12.857	17.187	21.588
	1.649	5.380	9.467	13.716	18.062	22.475
	2.343	6.179	10.307	14.578	18.940	23.364
06	.0158 .211 .584 1.064	2.204 2.833 3.490 4.168 4.865	5.578 6.304 7.042 7.790 8.547	9.312 10.085 10.865 11.651 12.443	13.240 14.041 14.848 15.659 16.473	17.292 18.114 18.939 19.768 20.599
.95	.00393	1.635	4.575	7.962	11.591	15.379
	.103	2.167	5.226	8.672	12.338	16.151
	.352 .	2.733	5.892	9.390	13.091	16.928
	.711	3.325	6.571	10.117	13.848	17.708
	1.145	3.940	7.261	10.851	14.611	18.493
96	.0°628	1,134	3.609	6.614	9.915	13.409
	.0404	1,564	4.178	7.255	10.600	14.125
	.185	2,032	4.765	7.906	11.293	14.847
	.429	2,532	5.368	8.567	11.992	15.574
	.752	3,059	5.985	9.237	12.697	16.306
66	.0°157 .0201 .115 .297 .554	.872 1.239 1.646 2.088 2.558	3.053 3.571 4.107 4.660 5.229	5.812 6.408 7.015 7.633 8.260	8.897 9.542 10.196 10.856 11.524	12.198 12.879 13.565 14.256
ਰ	-284s	6 8 9 10	<u> </u>	16 17 18 19 20	22 23 24 25 25	23 23 33 33 33

Source: Table IV of Fisher and Yates. Statistical Tables for Biological. Agricultural and Medical Research, published by Longman Group Ltd... London (1974), 6th edition (previously published by Oliver & Boyd Ltd., Edinburgh). Reprinted by permission of Addison Wesley Longman Ltd.

Distribution of F

Use this table to find the critical region (step 3 of the five-step model) for analysis of variance tests. Choose an alpha level of either 0.05 or 0.01 and then find the degrees of freedom to find the F ratio that marks the beginning of the critical region.

p=.05

8	0 254.3	LO LO	34 8.53		53 4,36	34 3.67			2					35 2.13	•	24 2.01	I	Ī	-	1.84	1.81		Ī	1.73		1.69	1.67	1.65	1.64	₩.	1,51	_	.61 1.25	
2 24	၂တ	41	.74 8.64						.07 2.90	2.91 2.7				2.53 2.35					2.31 2.11		25 2.05			2.18 1.9				_	2.10 1.9	-	*	-	1.83 1.6	
8 12) °	37			4.82 4.									2.70 2.					2.48 2.		2.42 2.			50	÷5.				2.28 2.				2.02	
9	CV.				4.95				3.37					2.85					2.63		2.57								2.43				2.17	
9	230.2	_	9.01	6.26	5.05	4.39	3.97	3.69	3.48	3.33	3.20	3.11	3.02	2.96	2.90	2.85	2.81	2.77	2.74	2.71	2.68	5.66	5.64	2.62	2.60	2.59	2.57	2.56	2.54	2.53	2.45	2.37	2.28	
4	224.6	19.25	9.12	6.39	5.19	4.53	4.12	3.84	3.63	3.48	3.36	3.26	3.18	3.11	3.06	3.01	2.96	2.93	2.90	78.2	2.84	2.82	2.80	2.78	2.76	2.74	2.73	2.71	2.70	5.69	2.61	2.52	2.45	7
ro .	2								3.86	3.71	3.59	ന				3.24					3.07	3.05	3.03	3.01	2.99	2.98	2.96	2.95	2.93	2.92	2.84	2.76	2.68	
1 2	199.5									4.10	3.98					3.63					3.47								3.33				3.07	
1000		2 18.51				5.99	7 5.59	5	5.	0 4.96	1.84	2 4.75	4	4.60	4.	4	4.	4	4.38	4	4	4	4	4		4	খ	4	4.		4	4 (3.92	0
n ₂	•		.,			_	_	~	~/ <u>:</u>		÷		¥	÷	15	16	~ `	≃ :	<u>5</u>	√.	21	ί,	N d	i is	స	2	27	2	29	ಶ	4	8 9	전 ⁸	3

falues of n_i and n_2 represent the degrees of freedom associated with the between and within estimates of variance, respectively.

Source: Table V of Fisher and Yates: *Statistical Tables for Biological, Agricultural and Medical Research*, published by Longman Group'Ltd., London (1974), 6th edition (previously published by Oliver and Boyd Id., Edinburgh). Reprinted by permission of Addison Wesley Longman Ltd.

p = .01

	8	999	99.50	26.12	13.46	9.02	6.88	5.65	4.86	4.31	3.91	3.60	3.36	3.16	3.00	2.87	2.75	2.65	S	2.49	4	2.36	2.31	2.26	2.21	2.17	2.13	2.10	2.06	2.03	2.01	1.80	1.60	1.38	1.0	
	24		46	8	3.93	47	7.31	6.07	5.28	4.73	4.33	4.02	3.78	3.59	3.43	3.29	3.18	3.08	3.00	2.95	, 2,86	2.80	2.75	2.70	2.66	2.62	2.58	2.55	2.52	2.49	2.47	2.28	2.12	1.95	1.79	
	12	106		27.05	14.37	9.89	7.72	6.47	29'9	5.11	4.71	4.40	4.16	3.96	3.80	3.67	3.55	3.45	3.37	3.30	3.23	3.17	3.12	3.07	3.03	2.99	2.96	2.93	2.90	2.87	2.84	2.66	2.50	2.34	2.18	
	8	Q	98.6	49	8	27	8.10	6.84	6.03	5.47	90.9	4.74	4.50	4.30	4.14	4.00	3.89	3.79	3.71	3.63	3.56	3.51	3.45	3.41	3.36	3.32	3.29	3.26	3.23	3.20	3.17	2.99	2.85	2.66	2.51	
112 11 11 11 11	9	5859 5	33	27.91	15.21	10.67	8.47	7.19	6.37	5.80	5.39	5.07	4.82	4.62	4.46	4.32	4.20	4.10		3.94	3.87	3.81	3.76	3.71	3.67	3.63		3.56					3.12			
	2			28.24	15.52	10.97	8.75	7.46	6.63	90.9	5.64	5.35	5.06	4.86		4.56	4.44	4.34		4.17	4.10	4.04	3.99	3.94	3.90	3.86		3.78					3.34			
	4	25 5	99.25	71	86	33	9.15	7.85	7.01	6.42	5.99	5.67	5.41	5.20	5.03	4.89	4.77	4.67	4.58	4.50		4.37	4.31	4.26	4.22	4.18	4.14	4.11	4.07	4.04	4.02	3.83	3.65	3.48	3.32	
	3	5403 56	17	29.46	16.69	12.06	9.78	8.45	7,59	6.9	6.55	6.22	5.95	5.74	5.56	5.45	5.29	5.18	5.09	5.01	4.94	4.87	4 82	4.76	4.72	4.68	4.64	4.60	4.57	4.54	4.51	4.31	4.13	3.95	3.78	
	8	4999 54	5	30.81	18.00	13.27			8.65		7.56			6.70		6.36		6.11	6.01					5.66				5.49			5.39	5.18	4.98	4.79		
	2	4052 49	49	34.12	21.20	16.26	13.74	12.25	11.26	10.56	10.04	9,65	9.33	9.07	8.86	8.68	8.53		8.28		8.10	8.02	7.94	7.88	7.82	7.77	7.72	7.68	7.64	7.60	7.56	7.31	7.08	6.85	6.64	
	n, n ₂		. N	က	4	2	9	7	. α	か	10	Ξ	12	13	14	5	16	17	8	16	50	21	22	23	24	25	98	27	28	60	30	40	09	120	8	

Values of $n_{\rm t}$ and $n_{\rm 2}$ represent the degrees of freedom associated with the between and within estimates of variance, respectively.