- 12. Protraction and retraction takes place in?
 - A) Hip joint

- B) Shoulder joint
- C) Elbow joint
- D) knee joint

MASTER OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION EXAMINATION 2019

(1st Year, 2nd Semester)

SPORTS BIOMECHANICS AND KINESIOLOGY

PAPER: MP CC-202

Time: Three hours Full Marks: 70

GROUP-A

(Answer any three questions:)

- Define kinesiology and sports biomechanics? Relate force, mass and acceleration. Describe two kinematic and kinetic terms.
 4+3+8=15
- 2. Write a note on the historical development of kinesiology as an academic subject. Discuss the musculoskeletal basis of human movement.

 10+5=15
- 3. What is motion? Describe different types of motion. Explain body lever. Describe second and third kind of body lever.

2+4+3+3+3=15

4. What is biomechanical analysis? What are the various types of biomechanical analysis used in the field of sports? Biomechanically analyze any one sports skill of your choice.

2+4+9=15

[Turn over

[3]

GROUP-B

- 5. Write short notes on *any two* of the following: $7.5 \times 2 = 15$
 - a) Plane and Axis of Movements
 - b) Write the origin, insertion and action of any two upper extremity muscles.
 - c) Water resistance
 - d) Projectile motion
 - e) Cinematographic analysis

GROUP-C

6. Answer *any ten* questions (Write the correct option):

 $1 \times 10 = 10$

- 1. Find the correct statement:
 - A) Friction is a negative force for performance.
 - B) Friction is a positive force for performance.
 - C) Friction is negative as well as positive force for performance
 - D) Friction does not have any influence on performance.

- 2. The motion of a Javelin is an example of
 - A) Projectile motion
 - B) Regularly accelerated motion
 - C) Decelerated motion
 - D) Irregularly decelerated motion
- 3. Which one of the following can be explained by Newton's Third Law of Motion
 - A) Running and jumping
- B) Throwing and catching
- C) Kicking and hitting
- D) Bowling and batting
- 4. Match List I with List II and select the correct option from the codes given below:

List - I

List - II

- I. Mass x velocity (mv)
- 1. Centrifugal force
- II. Mass x acceleration (mf)
- 2. Weight
- III. Mass x acceleration due to gravity (mg)
- 3. Force
- IV. Mass x (angular velocity)²
- 4. Momentum

x radius of rotation (m)

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I	II	III	IV

- 3 2 A) 4
- B) 3 2 4
- C) 2 1 4 3
- D) 3 2 4

5. Match the following

List - I

List - II

- Hinge joint
- knees, elbow, phalanges
- Saddle joint ii.
- thumb
- Amphiarthrosis joint iii. Slightly movable joint
- iv. Diarthrosis joint
- iv. Freely movable joint
- Shot is put, not thrown, but what is the aim?
 - A) Flight

B) Distance

C) Time

- D) Speed
- Along with which plane, jumping jack uses arm and leg abduction and adduction?
 - A) Sagittal

- B) Lateral
- C) Anterior and posterior
- D) Frontal

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8.	Linear ve	locity de	nends on :
ο.	Lilloui VC.	iocity ac	penas on.

- A) Angular velocity
- B) Flight
- angular velocity and radius of rotation
- D) Speed
- Hyperextension occurs when the angle of extension is beyond:
 - A) 60 degree
- 90 degree B)
- C) 180 degree
- 80 degree D)
- 10. Other than propulsive force the aerial motion of a body is influenced by:
 - A) Its weight
- B) Spin

- C) Elasticity
- Air resistance D)

Find correct combination:

I. a, b, c

II. b, c, d

IV. c, d, a

- IV. d, a b
- 11. Medio-lateral movement is also known as?
 - A) Rotation

- Adduction B)
- C) Abduction
- Flexion D)

[Turn over