

**FINAL B. SC. EXAMINATION, 2019**

( 2nd Semester )

**CHEMISTRY (HONOURS)**

**PAPER - XVII**

**INORGANIC CHEMISTRY**

Time : Two hours

Full Marks : 50

1. a) Write a brief account on *any two* of the following :
  - i) Cryptands and their utilities.
  - ii) Synthesis of  $[\text{NMe}_4]_2[\text{Si}(\text{oxalate})_3]$  starting from  $\text{SiCl}_4$ .
  - iii) Synthesis and structure of tris ( diethyl dithio-carbamato) arsenic (III).
- b) Describe the structure of *any two* of the following :
  - i) Calcium oxalate dihydrate
  - ii)  $[\text{Pb}(\text{acac})_2]$
  - iii)  $\text{As}_6\text{Ph}_6$   $(2\frac{1}{2}+2\frac{1}{2})+(1\frac{1}{2}+1\frac{1}{2})$
2. a) Describe the general method of preparation for a cross linked two dimensional silicone clearly mentioning the starting materials involved.
- b) What are silicone oils and how are they prepared ?
- c) How is N, N, N trimethyl borazine prepared ?
- d) What are the two structural forms of Boron Nitride ?

[ Turn over

[ 2 ]

Mention the carbon analogues of these two forms. Under what condition does the form which is known to show electrical conductivity, convert to the harder form ? Compare the harder form of Boron Nitride to its carbon analogue in terms of mechanical strength.

e) What happens when  $[\text{NPCl}_2]_3$  reacts with catechol in the presence of  $\text{Et}_3\text{N}$  ? Why is a similar reaction not known for resorcinol ?

f) Discuss structure and bonding in  $[\text{NPCl}_2]_3$ .

$$1\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{2} + 1 + 2 + 1\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{2}$$

3. a) Interpret the C-C and Pt - C bond distances in

$\text{Pt}(\text{C}_2\text{H}_4)\text{Cl}_3$  ( $d_{\text{C-C}}$ , 1.37 Å ,  $d_{\text{Pt-C}}$ , 2.55 Å ), and

$\text{Pt}(\text{C}_2\text{H}_4)(\text{PPh}_3)_2$  ( $d_{\text{C-C}}$ , 1.43 Å ,  $d_{\text{Pt-C}}$ , 2.11 Å ) and

$\text{Pt}(\text{C}_2(\text{CN})_4)(\text{PPh}_3)_2$  ( $d_{\text{C-C}}$ , 1.49 Å ,  $d_{\text{Pt-C}}$ , 2.09 Å )

b) Give a brief account on the structure and bonding in metal-allyl complexes.

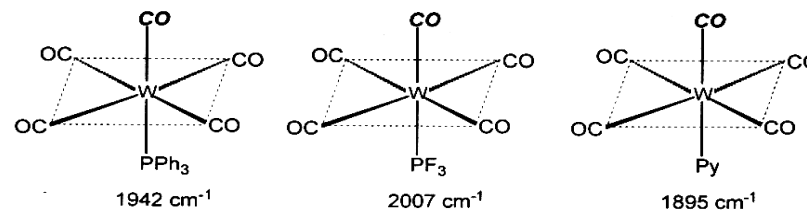
c) Give examples of  $\eta^1, \eta^3$  and  $\eta^5$  cyclopentadienyl complexes. Give an example of triple-decker cyclopentadienyl complex.

d) Give examples of 1,1 - and 1,2- migratory insertion reactions.

$$2 + 3 + (2 + 1) + 1$$

[ 5 ]

d) Determine the relative  $\pi$ -acidity order of L from the  $\nu_{\text{CO}}$  value of the following  $[\text{W}(\text{CO})_5\text{L}]$  complexes along with the illustration of  $\pi$  bonding for  $\{\text{OC}-\text{W}-\text{L}\}$  moiety.

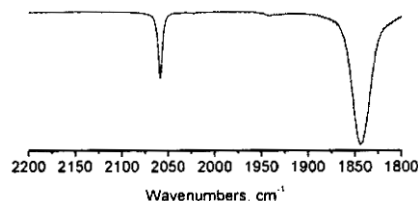


The  $\nu_{\text{CO}}$  of **CO** lying *trans* to L.

e) Give a synthetic scheme of  $\text{Me}-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{Mn}(\text{CO})_5$  starting from  $\text{Mn}_2(\text{CO})_{10}$  and provide the mechanistic aspect of the final reaction.

$$2 + (2 \times 3)$$

[ 4 ]

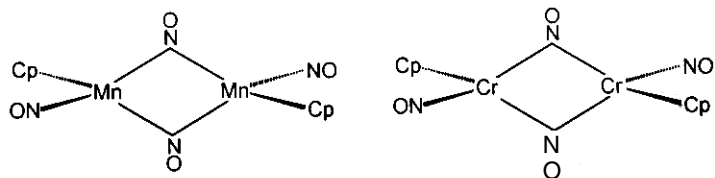


b) Using 18-electron rule

- i) find the value of 'x' of the following complexes (any one).



- ii) determine the number of metal—metal bonds (any one), Cp = Cyclopentadiene.



- c) Match the  $\nu_{\text{CO}}$  frequency with the relevant complex with justification and comment on the nature of bonding of CO ( $\nu_{\text{CO}}$  of free CO :  $2143 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ )

Complex	$\nu_{\text{CO}} \text{ cm}^{-1}$
$[\text{Au}(\text{CO})_2]^+$	1836
$[(\text{Cp})\text{Ni}(\text{CO})]_2$	2000
$[\text{Cr}(\text{CO})_6]$	2217

[ 3 ]

4. a) Comment on the ligand field strength of dioxygen and its effect on magnetic behavior in the case of oxy-haemoglobin.
- b) Draw the schemes and assign the different modes of dioxygen binding.
- c) Write down Three chemical reasons of "As" poisoning.
- d) Explain the prevention mechanism of carbon monoxide poisoning of haemoglobin.
- e) Which properties of chlorophyll make it an antenna in the photosynthesis process ?  $1\frac{1}{2}+2+1\frac{1}{2}+2+1$
5. a) How does partial molal volumes of aquated lanthanoides (in 3+ oxidation states) vary with their  $f^n$  configurations ? Explain.
- b) Discuss lanthanoid contraction in terms of relativistic effect.
- c) Between  $\text{La}^{3+}$  (aquated) and  $\text{Lu}^{3+}$  (aquated) which one is more acidic ? Explain.  $3+3\frac{1}{2}+1\frac{1}{2}$
6. Attempt 6a and any three from the rest :
- a) Discuss the bonding of metal — carbon bond in  $[\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_3(\text{CN})_2]^{2-}$  from the IR spectrum and crystallographic data (Fe-CO:  $1.78 \text{ \AA}$ , Fe-CN:  $1.93 \text{ \AA}$ ) and hence predict its structure. Justify your answer with the Bent's rule.

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