

**BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING (CIVIL ENGINEERING) FIRST YEAR
FIRST SEMESTER EXAM 2019**

Fluid Mechanics II

Time: Three hours

(Answer any *FIVE* questions)

Marks: 100

Different parts of the same question should be answered together. All symbols carry their usual meanings unless otherwise mentioned. Assume any relevant data if necessary.

1. a) Derive an expression for the discharge over a triangular notch. 8
 b) An orifice of 15 cm diameter is installed in pipe of 30 cm of diameter through which an oil of SG 0.9 is flowing. The pressure difference measured using a differential mercury manometer is 60 cm. Calculate the discharge when the co-efficient of discharge of the meter is 0.66. Assume C_c as 0.9. 8
 c) Compare between notch and weir. 4

2. a) Derive the expression for the velocity profile of a viscous fluid flowing through a circular pipe. 12
 b) An oil of sp. Gr. 0.9 and viscosity 0.06 poise is flowing through a pipe of diameter 200 mm at the rate of 60 litres/s. Find the head lost due to friction for a 500 m length of pipe. Find the power required to maintain this flow. 8

3. a) Explain the different losses in pipe flow? 6
 b) Derive the expression for the head loss due to sudden enlargement. 8
 c) A 300 mm diameter pipe reduces in diameter abruptly to 120 mm diameter. Calculate the head loss across the contraction if the discharge through the pipe is 50 litres/s. Assume co-efficient of contraction as 0.7. 6

4. a) What do you mean by open channel flow? Derive the expression for the discharge through an open channel by Chezy's formula. 8
 b) What do you mean by most economic channel? 4
 c) Find the bed slope of trapezoidal channel of bed width 4m, depth of water 3m and side slope of 2 horizontal to 3 vertical, when the discharge through the channel is $20 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$. 8
 Take Manning's $N = 0.03$ in Manning's formula $C = (m^{1/6}/N)$.

5. a) How water turbines are classified? Give examples. 6
b) Draw a schematic a Francis turbine its major components. 6
c) A Pelton wheel of mean bucket diameter 1 m is running at a speed of 1000 rpm under a head of 600 m. Determine the power developed and hydraulic efficiency of the wheel when discharge is 150 liters per second. Bucket deflects at 165 Degree. 8
6. a) Draw a schematic diagram of a centrifugal pump with its major components. 6
b) What is specific speed of a pump? Derive the expression for the specific speed of a pump. 6
c) A centrifugal pump delivers water against a net head of 12 metres and a design speed of 1000 RPM. The vanes are curved back to an angle of 30° with the periphery. The impeller diameter is 300 mm and outlet width 50 mm. Determine the discharge of the pump if manometric efficiency is 90 %. 8
7. Write short notes on: (any **FOUR**) 4 X 5 20
- a) Pitot tube
 - b) Moody's diagram
 - c) Kaplan turbine
 - d) Draft tube
 - e) Hydraulic jump