

BACHELOR OF CIVIL ENGINEERING (EVENING) EXAMINATION 2019
(First Year, Second Semester)

SUBJECT: COMPUTER PROGRAMMING - I

Time: Three Hours

Full Marks 100
(50 marks for each part)

Use a separate Answer-Script for each part

No. of Question	PART - I	MARKS
1.(a)	What will be the printed output, at the end of the following program segment? <pre> i= 12 x=-12.2 y= 2.44E-02 WRITE(*,8) i,x,y 8 FORMAT(2X,I8,2X,F8.2,2X,E12.4) END </pre>	2
(b)	What will be the value of the variable X, at the end of the following program segment? <pre> X=1.0 DO I=1,5 Do J=2,3 X=X+1.0 END DO END DO WRITE (*,*) X END </pre>	2
(c)	Write the equivalent FORTRAN expression for the following arithmetic statement: $Y=1- X e^{-by}$	2
(d)	Write the equivalent arithmetic expression for the following FORTRAN statement: $Y=A*B/C*D$	2
2	Write step-wise Algorithm and draw the flow chart to find out roots of given a quadratic equation.	4
3.	Answer <u>any three</u> Questions. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Library function in FORTRAN b) Use of CASE statement. c) Distinguish between function subprogram and subroutine subprogram d) Write short notes on different type of do-Loop & Rules to be followed in written do-Loop 	3x2=6

No. of Question		
4.	<p>Answer any two Questions.</p> <p>a) i) Write a FORTRAN program to the sum of following series for the first N terms, using function subprogram.</p> $y = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} - \frac{x^6}{6!} \dots$ <p>ii) Write a FORTRAN program to find number of days from given input as month and year.</p> <p>b) i) Write a FORTRAN program, to product of two Matrices [A] and [B], both of size (2 x 3) and (3 x 2) respectively and store the result in a separate matrix [C]. Implied do loop use for output matrices and format it.</p> <p>ii) Given four-digit integer number, write a FORTRAN program to print it in reverse and also find sum of the digits</p> <p>c) i) Write a FORTRAN program to find the value of ${}^n C_r$, using function subprogram.</p> <p>ii) Write a FORTRAN program to print ascending order form given input as N number integer</p>	<p>16x2=32</p> <p>8+8</p> <p>8+8</p>

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No. of questions	Part II	Marks									
Answer Question No.1 and any Two from the rest.											
1.	Answer any one question										
	a) Write a computer program in FORTRAN 77 using Bi-section method that finds a root of the equation $x^3 - 4x^2 + 8 = 0$ between 1.25 and 3.00, using tolerance of 0.001.	10									
	b) Write a FORTRAN 77 program to estimate a value y at a point x from a given table of values of x and y by using n^{th} order Lagrange interpolation polynomial.	10									
2.	a) Using Newton-Raphson method, using two iterations, determine the roots of the following non-linear simultaneous equations, close approximation to start with $x = 2.00$ and $y = 1.00$ $x^3 - y^3 = 19$ $x^2 + 2x - y^2 = 11$	12									
	b) Solve the following system of equations by simple Gauss elimination method. $x + y + z = 4$ $2x - 3y - 2z = 15$ $x + 2y - z = -3$	8									
3.	a) What are the basic two approaches used in estimating the solution of differential equations? How are they different?	3									
	b) Describe how Taylor's theorem of expansion can be used to solve a differential equation.	3									
	c) Why is Heun's method classified as one-step Predictor – Corrector method?	6									
	d) Using Runge-Kutta method of order four find y at $x = 0.25$ and 0.50 by solving $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y + xy$, $y(0) = 1.0$. Assume step size (h) = 0.25.	8									
4.	a) Explain the principle of Secant method. What is the difference between false position method and Secant method?	4									
	b) Using Newton-Raphson method, using two iterations, find a root of the function $f(x) = x^3 - 3x + 8 = 0$, in the vicinity of $x = 2.00$.	4									
	c) Using false-position method, using two iterations, find a root of the equation $x^3 - 2x^2 - 5x + 8 = 0$, with the initial estimates of $x_1 = 1.00$ and $x_2 = 2.25$.	4									
	d) For the following table of values: <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>x</td> <td>1.0</td> <td>2.00</td> <td>3.00</td> <td>4.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>f(x)</td> <td>0.500</td> <td>0.333</td> <td>0.250</td> <td>0.200</td> </tr> </table> <p>Find f(x) for $x = 2.5$ using Lagrange interpolation. What order of polynomial would you use in the above problem?</p>	x	1.0	2.00	3.00	4.00	f(x)	0.500	0.333	0.250	0.200
x	1.0	2.00	3.00	4.00							
f(x)	0.500	0.333	0.250	0.200							