

BACHELOR OF ARTS EXAMINATION, 2019

(2nd Year, 2nd Semester)

PHILOSOPHY

Logic (Western) - II

Course : PHIL/UG/CORE/4.1

Time : Two hours

Full Marks : 30

— X —

GROUP - A

- (4) 16. When are two functions said to be equal ? 2
OR
17. Define a one-one function. 2

1. Construct a formal proof of validity for the following arguments (any *one*) 4

- (a) $(x) (Ix \supset Jx)$
 $(\exists x) (Ix \sim Jx)$
 $\therefore (x) (Jx \supset Ix)$
(b) $(x) (Qx \supset Rx)$
 $(\exists x) (Qx \vee Rx)$
 $\therefore (\exists x) Rx$

2. Construct a formal proof of validity for the following arguments (any *one*) 4

- (a) All athletes are brown. Charles is not brown. Therefore, Charles is not an athlete (Ax, Bx, c)
(b) No contractors are dependable. Some contractors are engineers. Therefore some engineers are not dependable. (Cx, Dx, Ex)

(2)

3. Symbolize the following (any two) 2

(a) All that glitters is not gold

($Gx : x$ glitters, $Ax : x$ is gold)

(b) Some students are both intelligent and hard workers.

($Sx : x$ is a student, $Ix : x$ is intelligent $Hx : x$ is hard worker)

(c) If any bananas are yellow, they are ripe ($Bx : x$ is a banana, $Yx : x$ is yellow, $Rx : x$ is ripe)

4. Prove that the following argument is invalid (any one) 4

(a) (x) ($Ex \supset Fx$)

(x) ($Gx \supset Fx$)

$\therefore (x)$ ($Ex \supset Gx$)

(b) (x) ($Cx \supset \sim Dx$)

$\sim Cj$

$\therefore Dj$

5

5. State the preliminary quantification rules for UG or EI with examples. 1

(3)

GROUP - B / বিভাগ - খ

6. Let $A = \{x, y, z\}$. How many subsets does A contain and what are they? 2

OR

7. When are two sets A and B said to be equal? 2

8. Take examples of Tabular form of a set and set builder form of a set. 2

OR

9. What is the difference between subset and proper subset? Take examples to explain. 2

10. Prove that $A \cup B = \phi$ implies $A = \phi$ and $B = \phi$. 3

OR

11. Prove that $A \cap \phi = \phi$. 3

12. Prove : 3

$A - B \subset A$

OR

13. $(A - B) \cap B = \phi$. 3

14. Prove that $B - A$ is a subset of A' . 3

OR

15. $B - A' = B \cap A$. 3

(Turn Over)