

M.E.C.E. 1<sup>st</sup> YEAR EXAMINATION, 2025  
(2<sup>nd</sup> Semester)  
SUBJECT: Process Design in Environmental Engineering

Full Marks 100

Time: Three hours

Use a separate Answer-Script for each part

Part I(60 Marks for This Part)

No. of Questions		Marks																				
Q1. (A)	<p><b>Answer Question 1 (compulsory) and any two from the rest. Assume any data if not provided. <u>All the drawings should be in pencil.</u></b></p> <p>Discuss the mechanism of algae bacteria symbiosis with a neat sketch in wastewater treatment for a facultative stabilisation pond.</p>	5+2																				
(B)	<p>What is the basic difference between rotating biological contractor and aerated lagoon. Draw a labelled complete flowsheet of wastewater treatment using oxidation ditch.</p>	3+4																				
(C)	<p>Writing justification choose which type of reactor you will recommend for these situations:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) Treatment of municipal wastewater</li> <li>(ii) Treatment of industrial wastewater</li> <li>(iii) Waste with high value of degradation coefficients and above zero-order kinetics</li> <li>(iv) For treatment of wastewater with heterogeneous substrates</li> </ul>	1.5×4																				
Q2. (A)	<p>Determine graphically the rate of reaction for the decomposition of the following pollutant in a batch reactor. Also determine half-life for that pollutant.</p>	8+2																				
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">Time (d)</th> <th>0</th> <th>1</th> <th>2</th> <th>3</th> <th>4</th> <th>5</th> <th>6</th> <th>7</th> <th>8</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: left;">Concentration (mole/L)</td> <td>250</td> <td>70</td> <td>42</td> <td>30</td> <td>23</td> <td>18</td> <td>16</td> <td>13</td> <td>12</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Time (d)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Concentration (mole/L)	250	70	42	30	23	18	16	13	12	
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(B)	<p>For a waste stabilization pond for 30000 people the following data are given:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. Waste water flow=150lit/capita-day</li> <li>ii. BOD<sub>5</sub> contribution at 20°C=50g/capita-day</li> <li>iii. Final BOD<sub>5</sub> in the effluent should be less than 30mg/L</li> <li>iv. Latitude of the place 23°N</li> <li>v. Maximum solar radiation=126cal/cm<sup>2</sup>-day, Minimum solar radiation=70cal/cm<sup>2</sup>-day, sky clearance factor =70% and conversion efficiency =6%, Oxygenation factor=1.3</li> <li>vi. Pond temperature=15°C</li> <li>vii. K<sub>p</sub> at 20°C=0.132×log (BOD<sub>u</sub>)-0.169</li> <li>viii. K<sub>p</sub>(t)=K<sub>p</sub>(20°C)×(1.035)<sup>t-20</sup></li> <li>ix. Sulphate concentration =115mg/L</li> </ul> <p>Determine:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) the oxygen production</li> <li>(b) detention time for plug flow system</li> <li>(c) pond area</li> <li>(d) Sulphide concentration</li> </ul>	10																				

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Q3. (A)	<p>Determine the energy required to supply the necessary oxygen for an aerated lagoon to treat a wastewater flow of 4500m<sup>3</sup>/day with the following data:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Influent SBOD=200g/m<sup>3</sup></li> <li>Effluent SBOD=30g/m<sup>3</sup></li> <li>Kinetic coefficients at 20-25°C: <math>Y=0.6\text{g/g}</math>, <math>k_s=80\text{g/m}^3</math>, <math>k_d=0.06\text{d}^{-1}</math>, <math>k=5\text{g/g-d}</math></li> <li>Influent TSS=200g/m<sup>3</sup></li> <li>Lagoon water temperature 25°C</li> <li>Aerator O<sub>2</sub> transfer rate=1.5kgO<sub>2</sub>/KWh</li> <li>Elevation= 300m and elevation correction factor = 0.975</li> <li>Design hydraulic retention time=4days</li> <li>Aeration constants: <math>\alpha=0.85</math>, <math>\beta=1</math></li> <li>O<sub>2</sub> concentration to be maintained in liquid = 1.5 g/m<sup>3</sup></li> <li>Saturated oxygen concentration at: 25°C = 8.38 mg/L and at 25°C = 8.22 mg/L</li> </ol>	10																				
Q3.(B)	<p>Determine the liquid volume and total oxygen requirement for an oxidation ditch for the following conditions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Population to be served=45000 @ 150 lcapita<sup>-1</sup>day<sup>-1</sup> wastewater, BOD<sub>5,20°C</sub>=40 gcapita<sup>-1</sup>day<sup>-1</sup> and TKN = 8 gcapita<sup>-1</sup>day<sup>-1</sup></li> <li>Desired effluent BOD<sub>5</sub> at 20°C=30mg/l</li> <li>Suspended solid in the wastewater = 20 mg/l and 65% of this solid is biodegradable</li> <li>Organic loading=0.25kgBOD<sub>5</sub>day<sup>-1</sup>kgMLVSS<sup>-1</sup></li> <li>MLSS concentration=3500mg/l</li> <li>Volatile fraction of MLSS=0.6</li> <li>Sludge yield coefficient=0.6</li> <li>Sludge decay coefficient=0.12d<sup>-1</sup></li> </ol>	10																				
4. (A)	<p>With the following data develop the process design of a staged rotating biological contactor system and check for organic and hydraulic loadings.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Parameter</th> <th>Unit</th> <th>Primary Effluent</th> <th>Target Effluent</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Flow rate</td> <td>m<sup>3</sup>/d</td> <td>5000</td> <td>--</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total BOD<sub>5</sub></td> <td>g/m<sup>3</sup></td> <td>200</td> <td>30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>SBOD<sub>5</sub></td> <td>g/m<sup>3</sup></td> <td>100</td> <td>15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>TSS</td> <td>g/m<sup>3</sup></td> <td>85</td> <td>25</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Assume 1<sup>st</sup> stage sBOD=25g/m<sup>3</sup>. Use 9300 m<sup>2</sup> area per shaft.</p>	Parameter	Unit	Primary Effluent	Target Effluent	Flow rate	m <sup>3</sup> /d	5000	--	Total BOD <sub>5</sub>	g/m <sup>3</sup>	200	30	SBOD <sub>5</sub>	g/m <sup>3</sup>	100	15	TSS	g/m <sup>3</sup>	85	25	10
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(B)	<p>Design a septic tank for a residential building [as per code IS 2470 (Part-I):1985] of 20 persons having following fixtures: 1 WC/4person, 1 kitchen sink, 2 wash basins, 2 shower baths and 1 drinking fountain. Probable number of FUs are based on 70% FU discharging simultaneously. Each unit is assumed to flow 9 LPM.</p>	10																				

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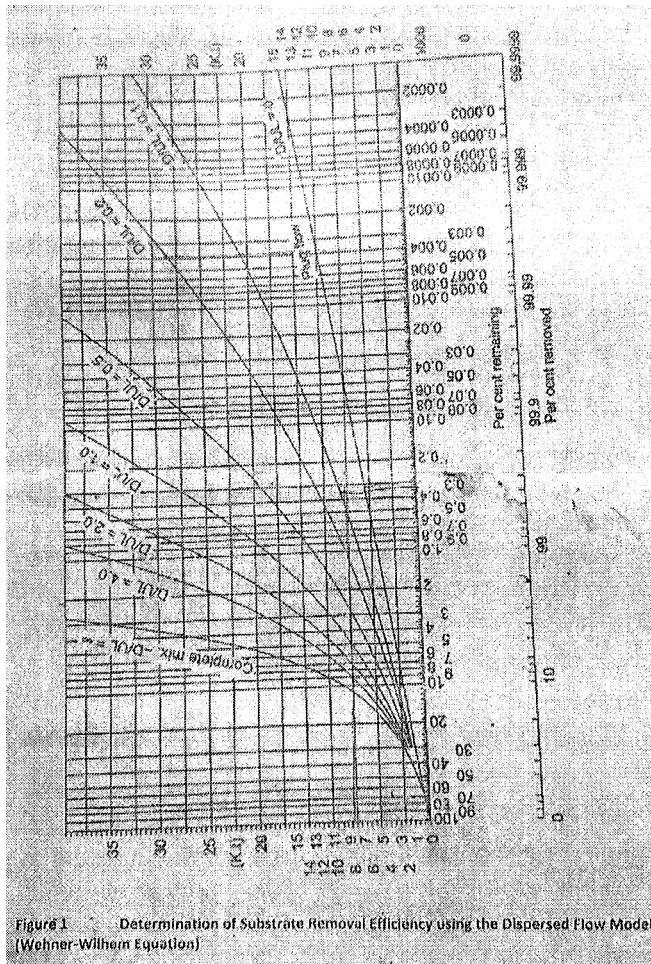
Time: Three hours

Use a separate Answer-Script for each part

Part I(60 Marks for This Part)

No. of Questions

Marks



**M.E. CIVIL ENGINEERING FIRST YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAM 2025**  
**Subject: PROCESS DESIGN IN ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING**  
**Part - II**  
**(40)**

**Use a separate Answer-Script for each part**

No. of Questions	Answer Question No. 1 and any <i>Two</i> from the rest	Marks																				
1	<p>Water having a total organic carbon (TOC) of 200 mg/L is to be treated by a granular carbon column at a water flow, <math>Q = 150 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}</math>. The minimum TOC removal should not be less than 95%. The data obtained from a pilot column breakthrough test is as follows:</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">Total volume, <math>V</math> (L)</th> <th style="text-align: center;">TOC concentration (mg/L)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">400</td><td style="text-align: center;">9</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">1,000</td><td style="text-align: center;">11</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">1,300</td><td style="text-align: center;">8</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">1,900</td><td style="text-align: center;">9</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">2,300</td><td style="text-align: center;">30</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">2,500</td><td style="text-align: center;">100</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">2,700</td><td style="text-align: center;">165</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">2,930</td><td style="text-align: center;">190</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: center;">3,120</td><td style="text-align: center;">200</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>The size and water flow rate for the pilot column are as follows:            Inside diameter, 9.50 cm            Height of carbon bed, 1.04 m            Mass of carbon, 2.98 kg            Water flow rate, 12.39 L/h            Unit flow rate, <math>0.486 \text{ L/s-m}^2</math>            Packed carbon density, <math>400 \text{ kg/m}^3</math>            Determine the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. The design reaction constant <math>k_1</math></li> <li>b. The design maximum solid-phase concentration <math>q_0</math></li> <li>c. The breakthrough time <math>T_B</math></li> <li>d. The breakthrough volume <math>V_B</math></li> <li>e. The mass of carbon <math>M</math></li> <li>f. Diameter and length of carbon bed</li> <li>g. Weight of carbon required per unit volume treated</li> </ol>	Total volume, $V$ (L)	TOC concentration (mg/L)	400	9	1,000	11	1,300	8	1,900	9	2,300	30	2,500	100	2,700	165	2,930	190	3,120	200	[20]
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**M.E. CIVIL ENGINEERING FIRST YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAM 2025****Subject: PROCESS DESIGN IN ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING****Part - II****(40)**

2 (a)	Discuss Breakpoint Chlorination with the help of a neat sketch.	[5+5]
(b)	0.7 mg/L of total chlorine is required for satisfactory disinfection at pH = 8. If it is Given that initially 12 min contact time is required at pH = 7 Find the contact time required at pH = 8. Take $n = 1.5$ and $k_1 = 2.7 \times 10^{-8}$ moles/L.	
3 (a)	Discuss the four steps in the adsorption with a sketch.	[5+5]
(b)	Discuss the formation of DBPs and their negative effects.	
4(a)	Discuss the process of Reverse Osmosis with a neat sketch.	[5+5]
(b)	Estimate quantity and quality of the waste stream, and the total quantity of water that must be processed from a reverse osmosis facility that is to produce 5000 m <sup>3</sup> /d of water to be used for industrial cooling operations. Assume that the recovery and rejection rates are equal to 80% and 75% respectively and that the concentration of the feed stream is 500 g/m <sup>3</sup> .	