

M.E. CHEMICAL ENGINEERING FIRST YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAM 2025

Subject : BIOENERGETICS AND
BIOPROCESS ENGINEERING

Time : 3 hr

Full Marks : 100

Part I

Assume any missing data
Answer any two questions

1. a.. Derive the expression for non-competitive inhibition. 7
- b. An enzyme has a K_m of $4.10 \times 10^{-5} M$. If the V_{max} of the preparation is $22 \mu\text{moles l}^{-1} \text{Mole}^{-1}$, what velocity would be observed in the presence of $2 \times 10^{-4} M$ substrate and 5.4×10^{-4} of a) a competitive inhibitor, b) a noncompetitive inhibitor c) an uncompetitive inhibitor. K_i in all three cases is $3 \times 10^{-4} M$. d) What is the degree of inhibition in all three cases. 18
2. A marine microorganism contains an enzyme that hydrolyzes glucose-6-sulfate (S). The assay is based on the rate of glucose formation. The enzyme in a cell-free extract has kinetic constants of $K_m = 6.7 \times 10^{-4} M$ and $V_{max} = 350 \text{ nmoles} \times \text{l}^{-1} \times \text{min}^{-1}$. Galactose – 6 – sulfate is a competitive inhibitor (I). At $10^{-5} M$ galactose – 6 – sulfate and $2 \times 10^{-5} M$ glucose-7-sulfate, v was $1.25 \text{ nmole} \times \text{l}^{-1} \times \text{min}^{-1}$. Calculate K_i for galactose – 6- sulfate. 9
- What is the difference between segregated and non-segregated model . Give one example of unstructured segregated model. 6
- Write the application of enzyme in Pulp and paper and Juice industry 3 + 3
- Describe Entrapment immobilization process and its application 4
3. A. Briefly describe secondary metabolites. 3
- B. Briefly describe of semi-solid state fermentation and its application. 4
- C. A strain of mold grown in a batch reactor and glucose is the substrate.

Time (h)	Cell concentration (g/l)	Glucose concentration (g/l)
0	1.25	100
9	2.45	97
16	5.1	90.4
23	10.5	76.9
30	22	48.1
34	33	20.6
36	37.5	9.38
40	41	0.63

- i. Calculate maximum net specific growth rate.
- ii. Calculate apparent growth yield
- iii. What maximum cell concentration can be obtained if 150 gm of glucose was used with same size inoculum 18

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2025BIOENERGETICS AND BIOPROCESS ENGINEERING**

Part-II

Answer any two questions

1.	<p>(a) What are the advantages and disadvantages of different types of coagulation and flocculation agents used in algae harvesting.</p> <p>(b) Develop the expression to calculate the settling velocity of an algae biomass particle of spherical shape in a fluid in the laminar flow region ($Re < 1$)</p> <p>(c) To produce a new algae in a location with low sunlight irradiance, halogen lamps are planned to be installed to irradiate tubular photobioreactors (PBRs) in parallel arrangement with floor area occupied by one PBR = 18.6 m^2. The effective continuous irradiance provided by these lamps is $500 \mu\text{mol m}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$. The initial biomass concentration in the feed is 1 kg m^{-3}. Calculate:</p> <p>(i) The algae biomass productivity in a tubular PBR with a volume of 1.7 m^3 for a liquid feed flow rate of $10 \text{ m}^3 \text{ h}^{-1}$.</p> <p>(ii) The number of PBRs of the given volume capacity and the land used for an oil production of 10000 t y^{-1} assuming an oil content of 35% by mass in the algae biomass. (Assume 300 operating days in a year, $\mu_{\text{max}} = 0.1 \text{ h}^{-1}$, $K_I = 70 \mu\text{mol m}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$)</p> <p>(iii) If CO_2 is supplied by bubbling 200 mol h^{-1} of a flue gas stream containing 10% by mole of CO_2 what will be the CO_2 capture rate in relation to the CO_2 input in the gas stream.</p>	5+5+15																																							
2.	<p>(a) Working procedure of microbial fuel cell (MFC) in a single chamber and two chamber set up.</p> <p>(b) What are the opportunities and challenges in microbe derived industrial production of biofuels?</p> <p>(c) Briefly describe the pretreatment methods available for lignocellulosic ethanol.</p> <p>(d) Determine the parameters of the Monod equation for the fermentation of a low cost feedstock into lactic acid using data given below:</p> <table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>C_s (g/L)</td> <td>100</td> <td>80</td> <td>60</td> <td>55</td> <td>40</td> <td>20</td> <td>10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>μ (h^{-1})</td> <td>0.2671</td> <td>0.2665</td> <td>0.2662</td> <td>0.2653</td> <td>0.2641</td> <td>0.2607</td> <td>0.2509</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	C_s (g/L)	100	80	60	55	40	20	10	μ (h^{-1})	0.2671	0.2665	0.2662	0.2653	0.2641	0.2607	0.2509	5+5+5+10																							
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3.	<p>(a) Estimate the annual algae biomass production per unit of land for the species X [$P_{c,\text{max}} = 1 \text{ d}^{-1}$, $r_m = 0.05 \text{ d}^{-1}$, $\theta_{\text{max}} = 0.09 \text{ g chlorophyll g}^{-1} \text{ C}$, $a = 5 \text{ g C (mol}^{-1} \text{ photons) m}^2 \text{ g}^{-1} \text{ chlorophyll}$]. The steady state concentration is 0.5 kg/m^3 and the pond depth is $z = 0.3 \text{ m}$. The actual water surface is 80% of the total area, $h = 0.8$. Assume algae cultivation at average pond water temperature and sunlight. Neglect the effect of CO_2 and variations in concentration with depth. The monthly average irradiation for the pond location and average pond water temperature is as follows:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Month</th> <th>Jan</th> <th>Feb</th> <th>Mar</th> <th>Apr</th> <th>May</th> <th>June</th> <th>Jul</th> <th>Aug</th> <th>Sep</th> <th>Oct</th> <th>Nov</th> <th>Dec</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Irradiation (W/m^2)</td> <td>35</td> <td>50</td> <td>80</td> <td>100</td> <td>120</td> <td>150</td> <td>140</td> <td>130</td> <td>100</td> <td>75</td> <td>40</td> <td>35</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Water temp ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)</td> <td>3</td> <td>5</td> <td>8</td> <td>12</td> <td>15</td> <td>20</td> <td>21</td> <td>18</td> <td>16</td> <td>13</td> <td>11</td> <td>3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Calculate the annual oil yield if the avg. oil content in the algae biomass cell is 30%. Given: $T_{\text{op}} = 22^{\circ}\text{C}$, $T_{\text{d}} = 35^{\circ}\text{C}$, $\beta = 1.5$, oil density = 0.87 kg/L</p> <p>(b) What is algae shadowing effect and how light irradiation is affected by it?</p>	Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Irradiation (W/m^2)	35	50	80	100	120	150	140	130	100	75	40	35	Water temp ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)	3	5	8	12	15	20	21	18	16	13	11	3	20+5
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(c)	<p>Briefly discuss:</p> <p>(a) Algae oil extraction methods</p> <p>(b) Fast pyrolysis technique for bio-oil production</p> <p>(c) Solid state fermentation vs submerged fermentation</p> <p>(d) Pretreatment methods for lignocellulosic ethanol</p> <p>(e) Working procedure of microbial fuel cell (MFC) in single chamber and two chamber set up.</p>	5*5																																							